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NOMENCLATURE						
LOC	DESIGNATION		No.		OBSER	VATIONS
15	LED		1	Ø 5		
14	Bolt		4	n° 6 :	x 32	
13	Input terminals		2	Mecha	anical scre	ew n° 6 x 32 x 1/2″
12	Screw – round	head	4	N° 6	x 3/4″	
11	Butt tube		2	Flexi	ble vinyl tu	ibing 1/8" int.
10	Milled cap scre	W	4	Woo	od screw n° 6 X 3/4	
9	Solenoid		1	Enan	ameled copper wire 28 gauge	
8	Washer		4	n° 81	° 8 flat washer	
7	Solenoid core		1	Scre	Screw 1/4" x 20 x 1 1/2"	
6	Magnet		4	Rare-Earth magnet washers Ø exterior 1/2" Ø interior 1/4"		gnet washers $arnothing$ interior 1/4"
5	Rotor shaft		1	Dowe	el Ø 1/8″,	length 150
4	Solenoid butt		2	Polys	styrene 3	5 x 35 x 3
3	Rotor		1	Pine	50 x 50 x	16
2	Side of motor		2	Polystyrene 90 x 100 x 3		0 x 100 x 3
1	Base of motor		1	Pine	slat 64 x 9	00 x 16
		TITLE :	Re	ed Switc	h Motor	
		GENER	RAL TOL	ERANCE	± 1mm	N° 5
		DATE :	10 NO	V 2009	NOT TO S	SCALE

### **Rotor template**



Ensure that this page is really to scale after printing.

When printing with "Acrobat Reader" it is important not to choose the "Page scaling" option in the "Print" menu.







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## Safety capsules

#### (9) Press drill

- 1. Wear safety glasses to protect against projections.
- 2. Tie long hair and roll your sleeves to avoid them becoming entangled around the chuck.
- 3. Do not wear bracelets, necklaces, jewellery, etc.
- 4. Careful! Risk of serious injury! Firmly affix materials to the table using clamps to avoid a part being hooked to the bit and spun around at great speeds.
- 5. Adjust the height and depth of the table and tidy the work surface before starting the drill.
- 6. Use a well sharpened bit, otherwise unnecessary effort could cause break the bit and cause injury.
- 7. Remove the chuck key immediately after having tightened the drilling tool.
- 8. Take the time to think about each of your gestures.
- 9. Respect the security perimeter on the floor. The proximity of another person could distract the user.
- 10. Unplug the tool from the power source before changing a bit.









AS: CON	Centre d dévelop pédagog pour la formation en science et tech SEMBLY RA MPONENT: BAS	le pement gique a générale nnologie NGE SE Motor (PSM)		
RAN	IGE : 1	SHEET: 1 of 2		
	WING: 2	MATERIAL: Pine		
N° N°	PHASE, S OP	SUB-PHASE OR PERATION	PHOTO OR DRAWING	MACHINE-TOOL, TOOLS
10	TRACING Trace a 90 mm slat.	n long line on a pine		- Ruler - Pencil - Angle iron
20 21	SAWING Using a mitre b while respectin	box, saw the base ig the line.		- Hand saw - Mitre box
30 31	SANDING Sand the edge	S.		- Sandpaper
40 41	DRILLING Find the center tracing two dia	r of the block by gonal lines.		- Ruler - Pencil

FAB	RICATION RANGE FOR THE BASE	SHEET: 2 of 2	
No	PHASE, SUB-PHASE OR OPERATION	PHOTO OR DRAWING	MACHINE-TOOL, TOOLS
42	Punch the center of the hole.		- Punch - Hammer
43	Using a 5.5 Ø diameter bit, drill a hole in the middle of the part.		- 5.5 Ø drill bit - Sensitive drill - Safety glasses

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AS	SEMBLY RANGE		- <b>¢</b>
CON	IPONENT: ROTOR SHAFT		
BRA	CKET		
SET	: REED SWITCH MOTOR (RSM)		
RAN	IGE: 2 SHEET: 1 of 1		
DRA	WING: 2 MATERIAL:	¥	
NUN	IBER: 2 Polystyrene		
N°	PHASE, SUB-PHASE OR OPERATION	PHOTO O DRAWING	MACHINE-TOOL, TOOLS
10	TRACING		
11	In a sheet of polystyrene and referring to <b>detail drawing n°2</b> , trace the side twice. <b>Careful!</b> Take into account the specific tolerance on drawing n°2, it will be easier to make your design.		- Ruler - Pencil - Angle iron - <b>Detail drawing</b> n°2
20	CUTTING		
21 22	Using a knife for plastics cut along the outline of each side. Finish the edges with a scraper and sandpaper.		- Knife for plastics - Safety ruler - Scraper - Sandpaper
30	DRILLING		
31 32	Using the <b>detail drawing n° 2</b> , mark the locations where holes are to be drilled. <b>Careful!</b> Take into account the specific tolerance on drawing n°2, it will be easier to make your design. Tape the two sides together temporarily to drill them at the same		<ul> <li>Ruler</li> <li>Pencil</li> <li>Detail drawing</li> <li>n°2</li> <li>Masking tape</li> <li>Punch</li> <li>Hammer</li> </ul>
	time.		250 hit
33	Punch and drill all 3.5 Ø holes	1 to	- 3.5 W DII
34	Enlarge the hole that will receive the LED using the 5 Ø bit (see location on <b>detail drawing n° 2</b> ).	Dec	- 5 Ø bit
35	Untape the two parts.		















## Safety capsules

#### (4) Hand drill

- 1. Tie long hair to avoid it becoming entangled around the chuck.
- 2. Wear safety glasses to protect against projections.
- 3. Do not wear bracelets, necklaces, jewellery, etc.
- 4. Clean the work surface of any debris that could lead to dangerous movements or that could hamper the proper operation of the drill.
- 5. Use a well sharpened bit, otherwise unnecessary effort could cause break the bit and cause injury.
- 6. Take the time to think about each of your gestures.
- 7. Do not work close to a water supply (tap, drinking fountain, etc.). Water and electricity are not a good combination.
- 8. Unplug the tool from the power source before changing a bit.







<b>Centre de</b> développement pédagogique pour la formation générale en science et technologie <b>ASSEMBLY RANGE</b> COMPONENT: ELECTROMAGNET				
RAN	IGE: 3	SHEET: 1 of 2		
DRA NUN	WING: <b>3</b> //BER: <b>1</b>	MATERIALS: Copper, polystyrene, steel		/
N°	PHASE, S OP	SUB-PHASE OR ERATION	PHOTO OR DRAWING	MACHINE-TOOL, TOOLS
10	TRACING			
11	On a piece of p squares with 3 the centers. These squares lower butts of t	oolystyrene, trace two 5 mm sides and mark will be the upper and he electromagnet.	×	- Ruler - Pencil - Angle iron
20	CUTTING			
21 22	Using a knife fo two butts. Finish the edge	or plastics cut out the es using a scraper and	×	- Plastics knife - Safety ruler - Scraper - Sandpaper
	sandpaper.			
30	DRILLING			
31	Punch the hole	S.		- Punch - Hammer
32	Affix the first bu a 5.5mm Ø bit, the same opera butt.	utt in a vise and using drill the hole. Repeat ations for the other		- Hand drill - Vise - 5.5 mm Ø bit
	<u>Note</u> : It is pos butts together will avoid perf operations tw	sible to glue the two r before drilling.you forming the ice.		

FAB	RICATION RANGE FOR THE ELECTION	SHEET: 2 of 2	
No	PHASE, SUB-PHASE OR OPERATION	PHOTO OR DRAWING	MACHINE-TOOL, TOOLS
40	WORK AT THE WORKBENCH		
41	Using <b>detail drawing n°3</b> , mark the location of the 1.5 Ø holes.	1.	- Detail drawing n°3
42	Temporarily glue the two parts together to drill them.	+ +	- Pencil - Ruler
43	Punch the two holes.		- Masking tape
44	Affix the parts in a vise and drill two 1.5 Ø holes. These holes will allow the copper wire through. Drilling the two butts will avoid having to interchange them when assembling.		- Punch - Hammer - Vise - Hand drill - 1.5 Ø bit
45	Screw a 1½ inch long screw (1/4-20) into the lower butt (the screw will thread the hole).		- Vise
46	Repeat the same operation with the other butt, leaving the space indicated on drawing n°3. <b>Careful!</b> Take into account the specific tolerance, it ensures the correct operation of the motor. Cover the threads of the screw, located between the two butts, with adhesive tape. The aim is to protect the varnish on the wire from abrasion.		<ul> <li>Screwdriver</li> <li>Adhesive tape</li> </ul>
47	Affix the two butts attached to the screw into the chuck of a drill and start to roll the copper wire close to the chuck (about 15 cm long). Roll the copper wire until the diameter of the solenoid is approximately 25 mm.		- Hand drill - Vise - 28 gage varnished copper wire
48	Insert the ends of the copper wire into the 1.5 mm holes in order to affix them. Sand the two ends of the wire to remove the varnish. When soldering, the solder must be in direct contact with the copper.		- Calliper - Sandpaper



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# Safety capsules

#### (7) Band saw

- 1. Wear safety glasses to protect against projections.
- 2. Tie long hair and roll your sleeves to avoid them becoming entangled in the mechanism.
- 3. Do not wear bracelets, necklaces, jewellery, etc.
- 4. Clean the work surface of any debris that could lead to dangerous movements or that could hamper the proper operation of the saw.
- 5. Use a sharp blade, otherwise unnecessary effort could cause injuries.
- 6. Take the time to think about each of your gestures. Keep your hands further than 5 cm. from the cut line at all times.
- 7. Use a pusher for small parts in order to keep your hands far from the blade.
- 8. Respect the security perimeter on the floor. The proximity of another person could distract the user.
- 9. Activate the dust hood or wear a dust mask.
- 10. Wear acoustic protection to avoid auditory problems if the exposure to noise attains 85 decibels for a period of 8 consecutive hours.











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## Safety capsules

#### (8) Disk and band sanders

- 1. Wear safety glasses to protect against projections.
- 2. Tie long hair and roll your sleeves to avoid them becoming entangled in the mechanism.
- 3. Do not wear bracelets, necklaces, jewellery, etc.
- 4. Clean the work surface of any debris that could lead to dangerous movements or that could hamper the proper operation of the sander.
- 5. Take the time to think about each of your gestures.
- 6. Respect the security perimeter on the floor. The proximity of another person could distract the user.
- 7. It is compulsory that the dust hood be activated when using the disk or band sander. If you are in the presence of a cancer causing contaminant (such as silica) the mask is also mandatory.
- 8. Call the workshop supervisor if the belt becomes misaligned.
- Wear acoustic protection to avoid auditory problems if the exposure to noise attains 85 decibels for a period of 8 consecutive hours.









Centre de développement pédagogique         pour la formation générale en science et technologie         FABRICATION RANGE         COMPONENT: ROTOR         SET: Reed Switch Motor (RSM)		Je pement gique n générale hnologie RANGE TOR Motor (RSM)		
DRA	WING: 3	MATERIAL: Pine		
NUN N°	PHASE,	SUB-PHASE OR	PHOTO OR DRAWING	MACHINE-TOOL,
10	TRACING			10013
11	Cut out a rotor onto a wooder sides.	template and glue it plank with 50mm	×	- Rotor template - Scissors - Glue stick
20	CUTTING			
21	21 Using a saw, cut out the outline of the octagon.		+	- Hand saw or - Band saw
30	SANDING			
31	Sand the edge coming as clos lines, taking in tolerances on	es of the octagon, se as possible to the to account the specific <b>detail drawing n°3</b> .	×	- Sander
32	Measure and o the rotor so as functional dime	control the shape of to respect this ension (drawing n°3).		- Detail drawing n°3 - Ruler
	Note : Respecting the will make the o bracket much o	ese specific tolerances lesign of the switch easier.		

FAB	RICATION RANGE FOR THE ROTOR	SHEET: 2 of 2	
No	PHASE, SUB-PHASE OR OPERATION	PHOTO OR DRAWING	MACHINE-TOOL, TOOLS
40	DRILLING Using a 3 Ø drill bit, drill the hole at the center of the octagon (depending on the size of the dowel a bigger, 1/8 in. bit (3,18 mm) might be required) <b>Note</b> : The drill hole must be perpendicular to the surface.		- 3 Ø Drill bit - Press drill - Drill vise - Safety glasses
50	WORK AT THE WORKBENCH		- Ruler
51	Measure and cut a 150mm long and 3mm Ø (1/8") dowel.		- Pencil - Hand saw - Mitre box
52	Insert the dowel into the hole of the octagon.		- Hammer
53	Locate the center of the four sides (every second side) on the edge of the rotor by tracing diagonal lines.		- Ruler - Pencil
54	Punch and pre-drill the 4 - 2 Ø holes.		- Punch - Hammer - Hand drill - 2 Ø Bit
55	Screw a magnet on every second side of the octagon.		- Screwdriver











# Safety Capsules

#### (2) Hot glue gun

- Watch out for burns: the gun usually attains temperatures of 120°C to 195°C.
- 2. Wear appropriate clothing to protect yourself against accidental drips (thigh protection, for instance).
- 3. Wear safety glasses to avoid projections of burning glue.
- 4. Place the glue gun in a safe place between uses, since it tends to drip. An aluminium plate would work well.
- 5. Do not work close to a water supply (tap, drinking fountain, etc.). Water and electricity are not a good combination.
- 6. Do not heat the glue to a greater temperature than that recommended by the manufacturer (in a flame, for example). The glue may emit toxic emanations.









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# Safety capsules

#### (1) Lead, tin and other soldering

- Watch out for burns that can be caused by the iron at more than 200°C. (Do not wear rubber or latex gloves, these substances could melt on your hands.)
- 2. Wear safety glasses to protect yourself from solder projections.
- 3. Use a soldering iron rest to avoid setting your clothing, hair, paper or plastic etc. on fire.
- 4. Do not shake the iron to clean it: use the sponge designed for the job.
- 5. Avoid touching the solder to your mouth or teeth it is extremely toxic. (You must neither eat nor drink while soldering.)
- 6. Never solder components under tension.
- 7. Use in a well aired room or solder under the hood designed for this use in order to limit inhaling the vapours, since they are toxic.
- 8. Use a desoldering bulb to remove a faulty solder.
- 9. Wash your hands after your work, and clean the work table to avoid any risk of intoxication.











ASSEMBLY RANGE Reed Switch Motor (RSM)		BLY RANGE tch Motor (RSM)		Vorking document
RAN	NGE: <b>5</b>	SHEET: 1 of 5		K_
DRA	WING: <b>4</b>	MATERIALS :	Co.	r •0
NUMBER : 1 Various		Various		
N°	PHASE	E, SUB-PHASE OR OPERATION	PHOTO OR DRAWING	MACHINE-TOOL, TOOLS

10	WORK AT WORKBENCH	
11	Manually screw electromagnet onto the base. <u>Note</u> : Loosely screwing the electromagnet allows you to adjust the distance between it and the rotor magnets.	
12	Insert the rotor shaft into the holes in the brackets (N° 2). Position the brackets on the base.	
13	Screw the brackets onto the base ensuring that they are well aligned.	- Screwdriver - Nº 6 x 3/4" round head screw

	ASSEMBLY RANGE FO	SHEET: 2 of 5	
N <sup>o</sup>	PHASE, SUB-PHASE OR OPERATION	PHOTO OR DRAWING	MACHINE-TOOL, TOOLS
14	Measure and cut 2 - 10 mm. pieces of vinyl tubing. They will be used as butt tubes to maintain the rotor shaft in its place.		<ul> <li>Retractable blade knife</li> <li>Ruler</li> <li>Cutting mat or martyr</li> </ul>
15	On the rotor shaft, insert a washer and a butt tube on each side of the motor. See <b>N°4 set drawing.</b>		- Nº 4 set drawing - Washers - Butt tubes
16	Align the rotor so that it is exactly facing the electromagnet.		
17	Screw in the two terminals to be used for the electrical connection. <b>Note</b> : Leave sufficient space between the head of the screw and the outer bolt. This will allow you to easily attach the alligator clip to the terminal.		<ul> <li>Screwdriver</li> <li>Bolts</li> <li>n° 6 x 32 x ½" mechanical screws</li> <li>Washers</li> </ul>
18 19	Insert the LED into the 5 Ø hole and glue if necessary. Adjust the height of the electromagnet in such a way as to bring it as close as possible to the rotor. Check that the rotation of the rotor is not impeded.		- 5 ø LED - Hot glue
	The motor's circuit is now ready to be wired.		

ASSEMBLY RANGE FOR THE RSM PHASE, SUB-PHASE OR OPERATION PHOTO OR DRAWING

N<sup>o</sup>

20	Wiring the circuit	
21	Cut a 20 cm length of AWG 25 "telephone" type rigid wire. Strip the extremities to a length of 1 cm. Affix one of the extremities to the supply terminal by jamming it under the washer at the position shown by the arrow.	<ul> <li>Stripping pliers</li> <li>Needle nosed</li> <li>pliers</li> <li>Ruler</li> <li>AWG 25 rigid wire</li> <li>Screwdriver</li> </ul>
22	Solder the other extremity of the wire to one of the electrodes of the magnetic switch.	- Soldering iron - Solder - Safety glasses
23	Connect an alligator type clip wire between the free end of the magnetic switch and one of the terminals of the electromagnet (to simplify the drawing, the rotor has been hidden).	Important! The rotor is hidden - "Alligator" type clip wire
24	Connect a second alligator clip wire between the free end of the electromagnet and the negative supply terminal.	
25	Apply 9 volts of tension on to the RSM's terminals. Put on safety glasses and bring the magnetic switch close to the magnet on the top of the motor. By finding the ideal position of the switch in relation to the magnet, the motor should start to turn. (The motor works better when the magnetic switch is not centered on the magnet).	- 9 volt power source - Safety glasses

	ASSEMBLY RANGE FO	SHEET: 4 of 5	
N <sup>o</sup>	PHASE, SUB-PHASE OR	PHOTO OR DRAWING	MACHINE-TOOL,
	OPERATION		TOOLS



	ASSEMBLY RANGE FO	<b>SHEET</b> : 5 of 5	
NO	PHASE, SUB-PHASE OR	PHOTO OR DRAWING	MACHINE-TOOL,
	OPERATION		TOOLS
r			
28	Carefully observe the diagrams at right in order to correctly polarise the LED in the circuit.	LED (Symbol) Anode LED (Photo) The flat side is the cathode. The short electrode is the cathode.	
29	Now connect the LED while respecting the following diagram. <b>Note:</b> The positive side of the LED must be in contact with the negative side of the power supply. It goes without saying that the cathode of the LED is connected to the positive terminal of the power supply. We therefore say that the LED is reverse polarised, which is normal in the circumstances.		<ul> <li>Stripping pliers</li> <li>Needle nosed</li> <li>pliers</li> <li>Ruler</li> <li>AWG 25 rigid wire</li> <li>Screwdriver</li> </ul>
30	Affix and solder the wires as before. Your RSM is now ready for you to design the switch bracket. Now, it's up to you to be ingenious !!		- Soldering iron - Solder - Safety glasses